MAKES THEM WAIT low director with Nelson Morris in

COURT GRANTS A STAY IN THE WHISKY TRUST REC IVERSHIP.

Proceedings Taken on Application of New York Stockholders Who Accuse One of the Receivers of Wrecking the Concern They Also Criticise Judge Grosscup Sharply for Appointing Such Men as They Charge the Beceivers With Being -Irregularity and Secrecy in the Proceedings Also Charged.

Chicago, Jan. 39.-Judge Grosscup this afternoon granted a stay of probeedings in the whisky trust receivership matter until such time as a hearing the matter can be had. The stay was granted on the application of Levy Mayor, who charges the present management with wrecking the concern.

Judge Grosscup's order stays all proceedings except to conserve the property until the further order of the court. Levy Mayer and Mr. Bijur, the latter

of New York, and Richard B. Hartshorne, appeared in Judge Grosscup's chambers shortly before 2 o'clock. Messrs. Runnels and Burry were also present. Mr. Mayer presented a petition to Judge Grosscup asking for the stay in the proceedings until the court should dispose of the motion to remove Mr. Lawrence and President Greenhut as receivers.

them that he could not get the directors together before tomorrow. Mr. Burry made no objection to the

stay and Judge Grosscup ordered that the stay be granted. He told counsel to come into his chambers tomorrow before 19 o'clock when he would render

WHAT THEY OBJECT TO.

Grounds of Complaint of the Whisky Trust

New York, Jan. 39.—It is reported that the stockholders protective com-mittee of the whiskey trust have in-structed counsel to apply for the removsent to Peoria.

sent to Peoria. that receivers were appionted without the necessity for action, and merely to serve the personal purposes of the present management of the company.

Judge Grosscups action n the origi-nal appointment of receivers is severely criticised on the street. It is calmed that the appointment of receivers was made at his home after the regular court hour and the officers of the court connived at the suppression of the news for a day and a half. The fact that he ordered, 124 to 104. Holman demanded sppointed as one of the receivers, a man who s charged with wrecking the company and has as the other a man who has entered suit against the company for \$500,000 is commented on undebate on the bill and a vote at 4:30 pany for \$500,000 is commented on un-favorably. It is beleved that the re-ceivers will order the closing of the trust distilleries temporarily.

IN HIS OWN DEFENSE.

Judge Grosscup Answers the Complaints of

a proceeding brought by the stock-lolders of the Whisky Trust and both tides were represented. Runnells and Burry appeared for the stockholders

makes out a case for the appointment Mr. Reilly (Dem. Pa.,) chair of receivers. In this matter there was

fact that the property of the trust is scattered over the country." ttered over the country."
Who suggested the names of Mr.

Lawrence and President Greenhut? of chaacter, ability and integrity, and so I appointed him. It is necessary always to have a man who is familiar with the business affairs of the corporation of the receivers. The other side suggested Mr. Greenhut and for Mr. Greenhut's removal as receiv-If it can be shown that he is in any responsible for the mismanage at of affairs of the trust, of course past offenses, but of securing the government. will be removed. It has also beer statedsince that Mr. Lawrence is a fel-

of all cases of consumption can, if taken in of all cases of consumption can, it taken in the earlier stages of the disease, be cured. This may seem like a bold assertion to those familiar only with the means gener-ally in use for its treatment; as, nasty cod-liver oil and its fithly emulsions, extract of malt, whiskey, different preparations of hypophosphites and such like palliatives. Although by many believed to be incura-ble there is the cyclopse of hundreds of ble, there is the evidence of hundreds of living witnesses to the fact that, in all its living witnesses to the fact that, in all its earlier stages, consumption is a curable disease. Not every case, but a large percentage of cases, and we believe fully of percent, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, even after the disease has progressed so far as to induce repeated bleedings from the lungs, severe lingering cough with copious expectoration (includ-

cough with copious expectoration (includ-ing tubercular matter), great loss of flesh and extreme emaciation and weakness. Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases Do you doubt that hundreds of such cases reported to us as cured by "Golden Medreported to us as cured by "Golden Med-ical Discovery" were genuine cases of that dread and fatal disease? You need not take our word for it. They have, in nearly every instance, been so pronounced by the best and most experienced home physicians, who have no interest whatever in mis-representing them, and who were often strongly projudiced and advised against a trial of "Golden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that a trial of "Goiden Medical Discovery," but who have been forced to confess that it surpasses, in curative power over this fatal malady, all other medicines with which they are acquainted. Nasty codliver oil and its filthy "cumisions" and gixtures, had been tried in nearly all these cases and had either utterly failed to beneal or had only seemed to benefit a little for a short time. Extract of malt, whiskey, and various preparations of the hypophos-

and various preparations of the hypophos-phites had also been faithfully tried in vain. The photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal extarrh and kindred maladies, have been skillfully reproduced in a book of 160 pages which will be mailed to you, on reeipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn

Address for Book, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Yes, in the First National bank."

"Yes, in the First National bank."
Oh, that point is no consequence. The steps taken are merely the beginning of the proceedings? If other parties in interest have anything to complain of, they can come in on petition to have the receivers removed and new ones appointed or they may take any other proceedings to conserve their rights. The appointment of the receivers is the first step in the lawsuit."

The reason the application for the ap

"The reason the application for the ap-pointment of a receiver was made at my house," continued Judge Grosscup, "was due to this circumstance: On Monday Mr. Burry came to me just af-ter court had adjourned for noon re-cess and asked me to hear an application for appointment of a receiver. He did not say it was the Whisky Trust and I did not know what company it was. I did not want to hear it, and I my mind was full of the Debs trial now on, and I told Mr. Burry to apply to Judge Seaman. He said Judge Seaman could not hear it, and I finally made an appointment with Mr. Burry at my chambers at 4:30 o'clock just after adjournment of court. Court adjourned at 4:20 and I forgot all about my appointment and went home. I

journed at 4:20 and I forgot all about my appointment and went home. I found the gentlemen there where they had followed me."

The bill for the appointment of receivers and the order of Judge Grosscup naming Mr. Lawrence and President Greenhut, lay in the office of Clerk Burnham on the United States circuit court from 1 o'clock on Monday night until 2 o'clock esterday afternoon when it was sent to Peoria.

"We had promised," said Chief Clerk Wirt, of Mr. Burnham's office, 'to keep the matter quiet until it should be made public through the clerk's office of the southern division of the northern district at Peoria. It is not an usu-

Mr. Mayer stated that the application to the court had been made on behalf of holders of over 1,700 shares of the this manner when both sides desire it, 359,600 shares of the capital stock of the to the court had been made on behalf of holders of over 1,709 shares of the 359,009 shares of the capital stock of the company, and that the nominal holders of these 1,709 shares were clerks in a stockbroker's office in New York. He we are allowed one day of suppression recited the fact that the New York holders had asked for a meeting with the directors of the Whisky Trust for today and that Greenhut had informed them that he colud not get the directors of the suppression of the caps. We accepted it for the Peorla office and there was nothing obligatory on us to make it public. Judge Grassenu has iurisdiction over both Grosscup has jurisdiction over both offices, as has Mr. Burnham and that accounts for the bill being presented to the judge and accepted by us."

One of the clerks in the Chicago office

of the court, by agreement with Attor-neys Runnels and Burry, waited in the office in the Monadnock block until the office in the Monadnock block until the attorney secured the order from Judge Grosscup and accepted it and placed it in his safe. The bill as presented to Judge Grosscup contained the name of but one petitioner—John F. Olmstead. Yesterday at 1 o'clock Attorney Burry added sevral others and the bill was sent to Peoria.

IT HAS NO FRIENDS.

Union Pacific Railroad Runs the Gauntlet of the House.

Washington, Jan. 30.—In the house after routine business, Catchings demanded the previous question on the debate on the bill and a vote at 4:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Several members objected to the brief time allowed for debate on a bill of such gigantic importance. "It was outrageous," said Boatner, (Dem. La.,) "to give but seven hours debate to a bill giving away one hundred millions, and condone offenses and crimes with which Chicago, Jan. 30.—In an interview loday concerning the complaints of the New York stockholders, Judge Gross-up was asked:

giving away one hundred millions, and condone offenses and crimes with which people have been familliar for years."

Mr. Maguire declared that few members understood the scope of the legislation. New York stockholders, Judge Grossup was asked:
"Is it not usual for applications of
his kind to be made out of court?"
"No; it is done every day. This was
a proceeding brought by the stock-

on of Peoria, attor- trying to reach for years. hey for the Disstilling and Cattle Feeding company, appeared for the defending company, appeared for the defending company appeared for the defending compan the corporation and consented the appointment of the receivers."

"Are receivers appointed as a matter on.

"Are receivers appointed as a matter on.

"Are receivers appointed as a matter on.

Mr. Cooper (Rep. Wis.) also joined on the bill and the

rporation consents?"
"Yes, provided the bill presented akes out a case for the appointment receivers. In this markets are the properties in the denunctation of the bill and the gag rule.

Mr. Reilly (Dem. Pa.,) chairman of so question. The company was shown to be hobelessly insolvent, with its assets scattered all over the country and of the bill which he said involved \$100. that serious loss to the stockholders would ensue if the property was not placed in the custody of the court. A Unite States court was selected instead of a state court because of the His committee had not asked for the time limit set by the rules committee
"If you dd not ask for cloture"
terrupted Mr. McMillan (Dem), "w

twrence and President Greenhut?"

The stockholders proposed Mr. Lawnce. I have known Mr. Lawrence a
ng time and know him to be a man
days all the time that could be given in the present condition of the public bus-

Mr. Catchings deprecated the frantic excitement aroused by the introduction of the order. There was no occasion for existement. He well understood named him. It has since been inti-that there were representatives on the mated that a motion would be made floor who wanted to see the government

take and operate the roads.
"God forbid such a calamity," said
he. "It is not a question of condoning ernment's just dues. If we fall to make

Mr. Catchings then demanded the previous question which was ordered on a rising vote, 134 to 104. Mr. Hol-man (Dem. Ind.) demanded the yeas and nays and the roll was called. The previous question was ordered, 132 to

After the previous question was orderd Mr. Catchings modified the rules so as to give two days for general de-bate with provision for a final vote at 4 o'clock on Friday. This necessitated a postponement of the eulogies on the late Senator Colquitt until the third Saturday in February. As modified the special order was adopted without diision and the house under its terms ent into committee of the whole. Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.) in the chair,

began the consideration of the bill. Mr. Keilly, chairman of the Pacific railroad committee, opened the debate for the bill which he said was aimed at a settlement of the vexed and troublesome question of securing to the government its due from the Pacific railroad and its branches. He said he believed this bill offered the best solution of the question presented. Unless some ad-justment was effected he declared that foreclosure was inevitable and the government would be compelled in order to protect itself to pay off the first mort-gage, involving an outlay of \$40,000,000.

In reply to a question by Mr. Dunn (Dem., N. J.) Mr. Reilly denied that this followed by the following the first that the government from proceeding against the "four robbers" as Mr. Dunn termed them. He said the bill specially reserved to the government every right of redress it recessed.

At the conclusion of Mr. Reilly's remarks, which occupied almost three hours, Mr. Meiklejohn (Rep., Neb.) gave notice of an amendment he should offer at the proper time in place of section 10 of the pending bill, to add to section 3 of the act of March 2 .1887, the provis-ion of a bill to further designate the securities in which the Union Pacific Railroad company's sinking fund might

Harris (Pop., Kan.) opposed the bill in a speeh which aroused frequent bursts of applause. He declared that the mortgage should be foreclosed. Government ownership had no terrors

r him. "I had rather see the government pay the first mortgage indebtedness," said he, "and take the road that these Pa-cific railroad scoundrels who have debauched public morals and public men should go unwhipped throughout the land." (Applause.)

Mr. Boatner (Dem., Ill.) gave notice of a substitute which he would offer for the pending measure. The committee then rose.

Mr. Aldrich (Rep., Ill.) asked unanimous consent to be allowed to print in the record some telegrams received frem business men in Chicago asking for immediate action of the recommendations in the president's message. He sad they represented over \$200.000.000. sad they represented over \$200,090,000 Mr. Simpson (Pop., Kan.) objected.

OLNEY'S BILL MADE OVER.

What Representatives of the Labor Organ

izations Would Like. Washington, Jan. 30.—Prominent representatives of labor organizations and others interested, gathered in the room of the house committee on labor today to discuss labor arbitration bills presented by Attorney General Olney and the Chicago strike commisson. The the Chicago strike commisson. The chairman stated that at a conference last night between representatives of railway employes the commissioner of labor and members of the labor committee, the Olney bill had been amend-ed so as to meet the views of the railway interest.

The first important recommendation was that in regard to the selection of the committee to arbitrate any controversy that may arise. This committee is to consist of one person named by the carrier or employer directly interested the second by the labor organization to which the employes directly interested belong and the third by these two. If they fail to chose the third member in twenty-four hours then the chairman of the interstate commerce commission and the chairman of labor are to choose him. This does away with the provis-ion making the the chairman of the inthe attorney general.

Another important amendment adop-ted by the committee strikes out section 19 of the attorney general's bill which gives that official authority in a conroversy of such magnitude as to prevent the operation of a railroad, if satisfied it cannot be adjusted by arbitration, to file a bill in equity to prevent the commission or continuance of public mischief caused of threatened, and to ask for the appointment of receivers. to ask for the appointment of receivers

of the property of the carrier pending the settlement of the controversy. Other amendments provide that em-ployes dissatisfied with the award of ployes dissatisfied with the award of the arbitration committee shall not by reason of such dissatisfaction, quit the service of the employer without giving thirty days notice nor shall the employer dissatisfied with the award, dismiss employes before three months after making the award, nor without thirty days notice in writing; the award shall continue in force for one year and no new arbitration on the same subject shall be had until the expiration of two years.

piration of two years.

Messrs. Clark, Sargent and Eden, representing the railroad employes, expressed themselves as satisfied with the bill and thought the results derived therefrom would be beneficial.

APPROVED THE BOND ISSUE.

nal Board of Trade Declares Also for the Three Per Cent Rate. Washington, Jan. 30.—At its morning session the National Board of Trade

ing session the National Board of Trade passed a resolution approving the recommendation of the president to congress for the issue of bonds specifically payable, principal and interest, in gold at a rate of interest not exceeding 3 per cent. The board also appointed a committee to consider the question of the consolidation of second and third the consolidation of second and third class mail matter and report later to the board. Committees were also ap-pointed on water and railroad transportation. The board then took up the consideration of house bill providing for the inspection of immigrants by United States consuls, but at noon an adjournment was taken to call upon

SIR RIVERS WILSON APPEARS.

He Pleads for More Liberal Legislation Than the Reilly Bill. Washington, Ja .n30.—Sir Rivers Wil-son was brought before the senate committee on Pacific railroads and ness of that company. He declared the continued existence of the company would be doubtful under the provisions of the Reilly bill and urged more liberal legislation. He did not present any direct proposition but intimated that the Frye bill of the Fifty-first congress which refunds the entire indebtedness of the Pacific roads for fifty ears at three per cent interest, would be ac-ceptable. He said that taking the past five years, the net average receipts of the Central Pacific had exceeded the charges by about \$1.500,000 per annum, and that sum would be sufficient to meet interest and keep the sinking fund replenished. The committee took

Do not neglect the little ills. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla and prevent a long spell of sickness.

SWEDEN COMES IN NOW.

Import Duties on Grain Increased a Hundred Per Cent.

Washington, Jan. 30.—American grain growers and mill owners have eceived another hard blow from an European country, in this case Sweden, which is in a way affected by our tariff law. The United States consul at Gothenburg in his report to the state department shows that by a royal ordi-nance imported duties on grain have been greatly increased, in some cases more than 100 per cent.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live bet-ter than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid axative principles embraced in the remedy. Syrut of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting

in the form most acceptable and pleas-ant to the taste, the 1 freshing and truly eneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers nd permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and net with the approval of the medical rofession, because it acts on the Kiding them and it is perfectly free from

ery objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all drugists in 50e and \$1 bottles, but it is mansetured by the California Fig Syrup only, whose name is printed on every ackage, also the name, Syrup of Figs. and being well informed, you will not cept any substitute if offered.

(Continued from First Page.)

cause the collision did not make much noise. We were exposed to a heavy sea and bitter winds for over five hours. The boat shipped water constantly.

WHAT STRUCK THEM. Chief Engineer Neussell in an interview, said: "The steamer that ran into us appeared to be a vessel of about 1,500 tons. Nothing was visible by which her name or hailing port could be ascertained."

be ascertained."

The chief engineer declined to give any opinion as to how the catastrophe happened. Not more than twenty minutes elapsed before the steamer sank. It was only the position that the Elbe assumed when the water rushing into her made its volume felt that prevented the launching of more boats.

Everything possible, including the firing of rockets, was done in the short time before the vessel settled down. The night was very dark at the time of the collision.

the collision.

The following is a full list of the Eibe's officers: Captin K. Von Goessel, First Officer G. Wilhelm, Second Officer J. Hellmers, Third Officer Theodore Stollberg, Fourth Officer W. Uhr. Chief Engineer A. Neussell, Second Engineer A. Budelmann, Third Engineer D. Sibjo, Third Engineer T. Albig. Fourth Engineer W. Lotz, Fourth Engineer J. Krite, Forth Enginner L. Willis, Purser Wefer, Surgeon Dr. A.Reichardt, Assistant Purser P. Schlutius, Chief Steward J. P. Schunder, Second Steward J. Bundlesen, Chief Cook G. Steward J. P. Schunder, Second Steward J. Bundlesen, Chief Cook G. Grapeugter, Second Cook J. Haas.

The following were among the first and second class passengers who have not been accounted for and who are supposed to have been drowned.

FIRST CARIN

FIRST CABIN.
MRS. HERMINE SANDERS, Fal-Mouth, Mass.

JOHN B. VINCKE, St. Charles, Mo. CHARLES WIX, New York.

MRS. KLIPFELL, Brandenburg.
LOUIS THEWITT, Vienna.

WALTHER SCHNELL, Dueren.

ERNEST HERREN, New York.

SECOND CABIN.

MRS. LUIS KUHNE, New York.

EUGENE SCHLEGEL, Feurth.

MRS. SOPHIE RHODES, Washing
JOHN.

OH.

EUGENE RHODES, Washington.

MRS. VATTIER, Krane.

ANDREW VATTIER, Amsterdam.

JULIUS ROSENBAUM, Berlin.

ADOLPH ISLAUB, New York.

ERNEST MASEBERG, Louisiana.

KURT KLEINSCHMIDT, Helena,

JONEANS.

Montana.

CARL NEUSSBAUM, Berlin.

RUDOLPH NOLTE, Leiqsic.

J. H. HAHN.

JAMES VEVERA.

KRETOO KOR.

FRANK MISKOLZ.

EDUARD MOSKOVIE, Esperjes.

ESTERLA GOLDNER, Esperjes.

MR. LOCKHART, New York.

AUGUST SANDER, Esseol.

PETER POWIERSKI, Kasanitz.

PETER POWIERSKI, Kasanitz. MISS CLARA WEINGAERTNER, Flehingen.

Flehingen.
One report has it that there were about four hundred persons on the Elbe 240 of whom were passengers, 160 officers and crew and a number of cattlemen who were returning to the United States H. N. Castle, who with his wife was a passenger on the Elbe, was editor of the Hassalian Commercial Advertiser. the Hawaiian Commercial Advertiser, the leading journal of the islands. He was an ardent advocate of annexation and took a prominent part in Hawaiian politics.

Kurt Kleinschmidt, who was lost on the Elbe was the son of Karl 12 in-schmidt, a well known mining man of this city, whose two brothers live in Helena, one being a leading banker. The young man had been in Germany

The young man had been in Germany eight years studying as a civil engineer. He was on his way home, having completed his education.

The caunty commissioner, John Vevera of Cleveland, Ohlo, was among the saved. His wife today received a cablegram from him dated Lowestoft and reading: "Elbe is lost. Over 306 drowned but I am safe."

That Old Reaper.

Father Time, who "reaps the beardand health preserver methodically.

MUCH OF IT IS TALK.

Pass Agreement Violations Investigated by the General Managers. Chicago, Jan. 30.—The general mana-

lines met today to consder complaints made regarding volations of the pass agreement. All matters of detail were anticably arranged and the charges of issuing passes in violation of the agree-ment were found to be largly exagger-

issuing passes in violation of the agreement were found to be largly exaggerated.

The question of issuing transportation to bondsmen—men who go on the bonds of railroad officials in positions of trust and stand security for the roads themselves in civil suits—was referred to a committee of the southwestern lines which wil meet February 7, in St. Louis. Each road wil submit at this meeting a list of those who have signed bonds for it during the year and for whom it wishes transportation. Each application will then be passed upon by the meeting as a body.

A meeting of the Western Trunk Line committee roads will be held at the office of Chairman Caldwell Friday. The meeting will occupy itself entirely with the demand of the Union Pacific for a share of he Puget Sound business.

committee roads will be held at the office of Chairman Caldwell Friday. The meeting will occupy itself entirely with the demand of the Union Pacific for a share of he Puget Sound business. The approximated gross earnings of the entire Atchison system for the third week in January were \$57,495, a part of the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the entire Atchison system for the third week in January were \$57,495, a part of the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation by sevent by the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill as reported to the senate provides for the consular and diplomatic appropriation by sevent by the consular and

San Francisco Baces.

San Francisco, Jan. 10.-Favorits wen the first and last races today. In the and race Monita, quoted as high as 50 to I, gave the talent a shock by win-ning handily. Haymarket, at 15 to 1, won the steeplechase. Happy Band, who was gaining on the leader near the who was gaining on the react text to end, fell and caused several horses to pull up in order to avoid falling on him. If the good weather continues the regulation track will be used Sat-First race-Five furlon; s. maidens.

First race-Five inrod, madeas, two year olds and upwards: Imp Grand Lady, 105 (Chron) 2 to 5, won; Norblich, 100 (Isom) 30 to 1, second; Pronto, 107 (Smith) 50 to 1, third, Time, 1:38%, Coquette, Jim Corbett, Monroe, Special, Lochinvar and My

Monroe, Special, Locality and My Sweet Heart also ran. Second—Six furlongs: Monita, 100 (Russell), 40 to 1, won; Gladlator, 55 (Isom), 2 to 1, second; Little Bob, 85 (Cochran), 10 to 1, third, Time, 1124, Bell Ringer, Find Out, Mutineer, Prince, Joe Frank and Harry Kuhl also ran. Third—Seven furlongs, handicap Gussie, 101 (Griffin), 4½ to 1, won; Quirt 104 (Cochran) 4 to 1, second; Second Huntsman 85 (Glenn), 20 to 1, third

Huntsman 88 (Glenn), 20 to 1, third. Time, 128%, Jack Richelleu, Modesto, Polaski and Flirtilla also ran.
Fourth—Hurdle, short course, about a mile and a half: Haymarket, 198 (Stanford), 15 to 1, won: Goodbye, 138 (Withers), 8 to 1, second; Dove Douglass 125 (McDonald), 100 to 1, third. Time, 231%, Wild Cats, April, Mero, Happy Band and Major Ban also ran. Major Ban finished second but was disqualified for a foul.
Fifth—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Warrango, 105 (Chron), 8 to 5.

ing: Warrango, 105 (Chron), 8 to 5, won; Arno, 106 (Carr), 2 to 1, second;

Sea Spray, 106 (Lloyd), 8 to 1, third Time, 1:15%. St. Jacob, Finess and Medicine also ran.

New Orleans, Jan. 30.-Track heavy. Summaries:
First race—Six furlongs: Burrels Bil-let, 11 to 5, won; G. B. Cox, 8 to 1, second; Merritt, 5 to 1, third. Time

Secaond—One mile and twenty yards: Ten Spring, 7 to 2, won; Chauncey, 4 to 1, second; Tippecanoe, 6 to 1, third. Third—Six furlongs: Satinet, 3 to 1, Won: Kindora, 12 to 1, second: Old Dominion, 4 to 1, third. Time 1:20%.
Fourth—Handicap: five furlongs: Bird Catcher, 5 to 2, won; Trixie, 6 to 1, second: Festival, 7 to 1, third. Time 1:684.

Fifth—One mile: Say On. 6 to 5, won; Viola C, 15 to 1, second; Blue and White, 2 to 1, third. Time 1:53%.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,
Bruisses, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions,
and positively Cures Piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.
Price 25 cents per box. For sale by
Charles Lawrence and G. Gehring.

HIS MASK SLIPPED OFF.

Henry Schmidt Swears to the Identity of One of Scott's Murderers

Genery Schmidt Swears to the Identity of One of Scott's Murderers.

Omaha, Jan. 20.—A special to the Bee from O'Neill, Neb., says: A sensation was developed today in the trial of the men charged with the lynching of Barrett Scott, when Henry Schmidt, who drove the Scott rig the night of the attack, postively identified Moses Elliott as one of the attacking party and partially identified others of the accused. After detailing the attack and how he was taken blindfolded with Scott to a deserted house he said: "I had partially slipped the bandage off my eyes when a man came up to me and said he would take me to O'Neill, but I must remain blindfolded. I asked if I could bid Scott good-bye and was allowed to do so. Scott told me to go, and said he was sure they would kill him, but he hoped they would do it quick. I was then taken to a cart, in which was a ceat and a gun. I was put on the cart and a man got up and drove off. When we started he had a mask on, as I could see over the cloth that was supposed to be over my eyes. We had been driving about ten minutes when the mask came off the driver's face."

He was asked if he had seen the man since and replied he had. He was asked who it was, and he said it was Moses Elliott.

Elliott was then asked to stand up, and did so. Schmidt said: "He is the man that

Elliott.
Elliott was then asked to stand up, and did so. Schmidt said: "He is the man that drove me away in the cart and I will swear to it postively." Elliott turned a little pale and appeared nervous when thus openly accused. Schmidt was put through a severe cross-examination but did not alter his testimony. He mentioned the other persons whom he thought he recognized but was not certain.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Items of General Interest From All Over the Universe.

At Minneapolis, Minn., the twelfth jurar in the Hayward-Ging murder trial was secured yesterday. Peter Oleson, his wife and three children living near Sterling, S. D., lost their lives by fire Tuesday night.

Two more ballots were taken yesterday for United States senator by the Delaware legislature without result.

The gunboat Bennington is all ready for sea and will sail for Central American ports this morning from San Francisco. A memorial to coppress from Olympia. Wash., praying for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 15 to 1, passed the

The National American Pomological association met yesterday in Los Angeles, Cal. Papers were read by several members of the association and by local pomological p

J. M. Nuckols, managing editor of the Kansas City Times, and Miss Emaa Davi-son, of Jefferson City, Mo., were married yesterday in Grace Episcopal church in Kansa City.

A bill has been passed by the senate of North Carolina to prevent prize fightnig North Carolina to prevent prize fighting or betting on anything of that nature in North Carolina. The governor is empowered to call out the State guard if necessary to prevent such prize fighting.

The state department has been informed by United States Minister Taylor at Madrid that the Spanish senate has passed a modus vivendi placing the United States in the most favored nation column as to duties on imports into Cuba and Porto Rico.

At Salemn, Ore., the following joint ballot was cast yesterday in joint session for United States senator: Dolph, 42; Hare (Pop.) 10; Weatherford (Dem.) 8; Hermann, 10; Lord, 5; Williams, 5; Bark-ley, 1; Moore, 1; Lowell, 4; Gatch, 2. Ab-sent, 3.

age of Is per cent.

In the Nevada assembly yesterday afternoon during a heated discussion over a resolution against the passage of the funding hill, Hogan (Popullst) denounced Senators Stewart and Jones and Congressman Newlands as tools of the railroads, and Allen, elected by the silver party, said the vote for the resolution had sounde the death of the silver party in Nevada. It is now generally believed that W. W. Taylor, the defaulting state treasurer of

Babies

and rapidly growing children derive more benefit from Scott's Emulsion, than all the rest of the food they eat. Its nourishing powers are felt almost immediately. Babies and children thrive on Scott's Emulsion when no other form of food is assimilated.

> Scott's Emulsion

stimulates the appetite, enriches

the blood, overcomes wasting and gives strength to all who take it. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bron-chitis, Weak Lungs, Emaciation, Con-sumption, Blood Diseases and all Forms of Wasting. Soud for pemphlet. Free. Cout h Bourn. H.Y. All Broggists. 50e. mal St. South Dakota, is in some South American state, out of reach of extradition. It is definitely known that he leff Chicago about January 8. A telegram about the lith from Pensacola was received at Pierre, 8. D., by a personal friend of Taylor.

You have been buying a plant

Taylor.

The twelfth juror in the Hayward murder trial at Minneapolis was secured yesterday. Mr. Hall continued his address until late in the afternoon. Then the evidence commenced. T. H. Ellison, the deputy county sureyor, identified maps of the locality of the murder, and was followed by William H. Enhart, who told of the finding of the body.

of the inding of the body.

C. H. and F. Smalley, cigar and tobacco deairs, andp reprietors of five cigar stores at Tacoma, Wash, made an assignment yesterday to T. E. Sampson, Assets, 87, 40: Bablities, R. 50. The assignments cover real and personal property. The creditors include San Francisco, Portland, Milwaukee, Chicago, Tampa, Richmond and Baltimore firms.

and Baltimore firms.

News has been received at San Francisco that the White Star liner Coptic is about to leave England for San Francisco to take the place of the steamer Oceanic, of the Occidental and Orient Steamship company. The Coptic makes 18½ knots. Her speed will greatly reduce the time between Hong Kong and San Francisco and the Canadian Pacific Steamship company will have to look to its laureis.

W. J. Hurley who is charged with an

will have to look to its laureis.

W. J. Hurley, who is charged with an attempt to bribe jurors in the case of R. H. McDonald, Jr., for perjury, was arraigned in Judge Murphy's court in San Francisco yesterday. Cumulative evidence was presented to show the offers Hurley had made to two jurors and to the atterneys for the defense, agreeing to secure any desired verdict on payment of a graduated scale of bribes. The case will be continued today.

The senate in executive session vester-

be continued today.

The senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: Josheph B. Green of Alabama, assistant surgeon in the Marine hospital service; Lieutenant Colonel James S. Casey, First infantry, to be colonel; Major John Henry Patterson, Third infantry, to be lieutenant colonel; Captain Frederick M. Crandall, Twenty-fourth infantry, to be major. Also the following postmasters: Colorado—John C. Allen, Aspen; Mary E. Bostwick, Blackhawk, Missouri—David E. Pense, Golden City, Iowa—W. H. Chamberlain, Independence.

THE WEATHER.

Wichita, Jan. 30.
Forecast for Wichita and vicinity-Fair For the past twenty-four hours the weather has been partly cloudy, with weather has been partly cloudy, with fresh south wind.

Thus far this month the average tem-perature has been 28 degrees.

For the past six years the average tem-perature for the month of January has been 31 degrees, and for the 30th day 41 de-grees.

Observer.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Following is the forecast up to 8 p. m. Thursday:
For Kansas and Colorado—Fair; warmer: south to west winds.
For Oklahoma—Fair; warmer; winds becoming southerly.

THE COST OF OLD BOOKS.

The Prices Vary According to the Quality of the Dealer's Patrons.

The book bunter soon finds out that the prices for rare old tomes vary in ratio to the quality or wealth of a dealer's patrons This is as true of the bookshops of San Francisco, Chicago, New Orleans or Bos-ton as it is of New York, the leading old ton as it is of New York, the leading old book mart of the country. If you go into the stylish book stores of any of these cities, you will have to pay 25 or 50 per cent more for a book than if you went to the inconsequential dealers in out of the way places-in cellars or in tumble down

Another point in book prices is the high prices charged for one sort of books and the cheapness of others. On the 5 and 10 cent counters will be found beatifully bound religious works and volumes of novels, worn and cheap editions of popu-lar novels and technical works too ancient to be of any special service at this time. It is an unusual thing to find a bargain on any of these cheap counters. In the case against the Pulman company in Chicago yesterday, the entire session of the court was taken up with arguments of the attorneys. The arguments will be resumed today.

The dealers are exceedingly careful on that score. Albeit, every once in awhile book hunter picks up a tome of great value.

The total withdrawals of gold yesterday
were \$3.261,740, of which \$3.775 was taken
from New York, \$131,740 from Baltimore
and \$45,000 from Boston, leaving the true
amount of the gold reserve at the close of
business \$44,551,722. the drama. Audubon's works are always At Olympia, Wash., on the twenty-sixth foint ballot for United States senator the following vote was cast yesterday: Ankeny, 29; Wilson, 31; Allen, 8, McMillan, 15; R. C. McCroskey (Dem.) 8; J. M. Belt, 25; reattering, 2.

The high prices for sporting works are

owing to two causes. Works of this char-acter are rarely issued except in limited editions and are well printed and bound. Dramatic and sporting works seldom go into second editions, so when an edition is exhausted the purchaser must go to the old book store. These works got up in the style of "Booth's Letters" and "Jefferson's Autobiography" - both exqui-sitely illustrated by The Century-are not thrown away when read, like most novels are, but are preserved for reference. Hence when a copy gets into secondhand book stores the figure asked is often greater than the publisher's price .- New York Advertiser.

Professor Josiah P. Cooke, well known head of the chemistry department at Har-vard, had his one little joke which he perpetrated on the freshman class every year

with great good humor. At the first lecture each year when the 200 or 300 freshmen were gathered before him in the big amphitheater in Boyleston hall Professor Cooks would bring out a small bottle containing an innocent looking white liquid. At a certain stage in the lecture, after he had touched upon the tremendously destructive qualities of cer-tain chemicals, the old gentleman would pick up the viel and hold it out in his trembling fingers before the view of the

Gentlemen," he would say in a voice full of tremors and quavers, "gentlemen, this bottle concains a terrible explosive If it should drop from my hands to the floor"-and here his fingers would trem ble alarmingly-"you would be all blown

Invariably this speech, combined with the pathetic trembling of the old man's fingers, would cause a commotion in the room, and half a dozen of the more timid freshmen on the front row would jump and fiee precipitately. Professor Cooks would turn and look at the flesing students, and then, with a broad, genial and knowing smile to the rest of the class, which would smile back at him, he would carefully lay the vial back in its little case, ready to be used at the next annual

Distributing Correct Time.

The revenue of the Western Union Telegraph company for furnishing the time of day to this country amounted last year to about \$1,500,000. The company has a telegraph desk in the naval observatory in Washington. Four minutes before no the wires of the system all over the United States are cleared of business, and the in-stant the sun passes the seventy-fifth meridian electricity carries the news to every

The time ball falls in New York at soon, in Chicago at 11 a. m., in Omaha at 10 a. m. and in San Francisco at 9 s. m In all the large cities business houses, banks and offices are supplied with electric clocks that respond obeliently to the daily mandate. They rent for \$15 a year, and in New York alone over \$1550 have been gut up - fittelung filenoich

Mules.

the Turks call it Egyptian corn, and in

Egypt it is known as Syrisp dourra.

malan is given a distinctive and erroses as name. In Germany and America it is call ed Turkish wheat; in Lormine it is designated Reman corn; in Tuscany it is Signiian corn; in Provence it is Burbary corn;

You have been talking about buying a piano for some time. Our stock never was so complete. We can suit you in quality, style, price and terms. Most complete line of musical merchandise in the city. Latest sheet music.

BARNES & NEWCOMB, 405 E Douglas Avenue.

You Are Blind

to your best interests if your night is failing and you fail to wear glasses.

See Us Now.

Spectacle Bazaar. 142 N. Main.

F. W. Swals BHOULD BE Tailor.

A BIG DISCOUNT. Being reliably informed that some persons who are not even suspected, when sent by by their neighbors to buy Coffins, are being paid a cash countrission on every coffin thus bought. Believing this to be radically wrong, and in order to offset this commission.

Our prices shall always be as low as the same quality of goods can be bought savubere. We will in no case pay a commission to any one who is sent to us. He sure and sent to us and get the discount yourself. Re-

H. W. KENDLE, UNDERTAKER, 213 N. MAIN.

DOWN THEY GO.

Having adopted the strictly cash system from this date (Jan. 1, 1895), will give my patrons the benefit of the lowest prices to be had in the city for choice Groceries and Provisions.

Butter, Eggs, Vegetables, Fresh and Cured Meats No need to go down town for anything to eat. You can get what you 617 East Oak Street just as good in quality and cheap in price as anywhere in the city.

MAT BOHR.

CITY ROLLER MILLS "IMPERIAL." Far heen Wichita' favorth.
hond of Sour for at years.
hold your grocer for it is you

ILIVER & IMBODENCO

Wichita Kansas.

Manhattan Hotel. Best located house in city. Corner Topeka and Douglas Avenues. Rates \$2.00 per day.

E. J. BONHAM.

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C. W. CAREY, Mgr





